

Polyester mcam.com

Ertalyte® Polyethylene Terephthalate Polyester PET-P is an unreinforced, semi-crystalline grade that is produced from proprietary resin grades made by Mitsubishi Chemical Advanced Materials. Characterized by its excellent wear resistance, low coefficient of friction, high strength, and resistance to moderately acidic solutions, this grade is capable of sustaining high loads, and retains more of its original strength up to 180° F / 85° C than nylons or acetals. Due to these characteristics, Ertalyte® PET-P components are a favored solution for bearing and structural applications throughout the pharmaceutical, food processing and packaging, and oil and gas industries.

ISO*

ASTM*

			100		
		Test methods	Units	Indicative Values	Test met
Thermal Properties (1)	Melting temperature (DSC, 10°C (50°F) / min)	ISO 11357-1/-3	°C	245	ASTM D
	Glass transition temperature (DMA, tan delta)	DMA	°C	-	DMA
	Thermal conductivity at 23°C (73°F)	-	W/(K.m)	0.29	-
	Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (-40 to 150 °C) (-40 to 300°F)				ASTM E-83
	Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (23 to 60°C) (73°F to 140°F)	-	μm/(m.K)	60	
	Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (23 to 100°C) (73°F to 210°F)	-	μm/(m.K)	80	
	Heat Deflection Temperature: method A: 1.8 MPa (264 PSI)	ISO 75-1/-2	°C	80	ASTM D
E L	Continuous allowable service temperature in air (20.000 hrs) (3)	-	°C	100	-
Jer	Min. service temperature (4)	-	°C	-20	-
Ė	Flammability: UL 94 (3 mm (1/8 in.)) (5)	-	-	НВ	-
	Flammability: Oxygen Index	ISO 4589-1/-2	%	25	
	Tensile strength	ISO 527-1/-2 (7)	MPa	90	ASTM D6
Mechanical Properties (6)	Tensile strain (elongation) at yield	ISO 527-1/-2 (7)	%	4.00	ASTM D6
	Tensile strain (elongation) at break	ISO 527-1/-2 (7)	%	15	ASTM D6
	Tensile modulus of elasticity	ISO 527-1/-2 (9)	MPa	3,500	ASTM D6
	Shear Strength	ASTM D732	MPa	55	ASTM D
Ser	Compressive stress at 1 / 2 / 5 % nominal strain	ISO 604 (10)	MPa	33 / 64 / 107	
5	Compressive strength				ASTM D69
<u> С</u>	Charpy impact strength - unnotched	ISO 179-1/1eU	kJ/m²	50.0	
ie Ei	Charpy impact strength - notched	ISO 179-1/1eA	kJ/m²	2.0	
Jan	Izod Impact notched				ASTM D
ac Joe	Flexural strength	ISO 178 (12)	MPa	135	ASTM D79
Ž	Flexural modulus of elasticity	ISO 178 (12)	MPa	3,300	ASTM D
	Rockwell M hardness (14)	ISO 2039-2	-	96	ASTM D
	Shore hardness D (14)	ISO 868	-	80	ASTM D2
	Electric strength	IEC 60243-1 (15)	kV/mm	22	ASTM D
cal	Volume resistivity	IEC 62631-3-1	Ohm.cm	10E13	IEC 600
Electrical Properties	Surface resistivity	ANSI/ESD STM 11.11	Ohm/sq.	10E12	ANSI/ESD ST
Ele Proj	Dielectric constant at 1 MHz	IEC 62631-2-1	-	3.20	ASTM D
	Dissipation factor at 1 MHz	IEC 62631-2-1	-	0.0140	ASTM D
	Colour	-	-	White, Black	-
	Density	ISO 1183-1	g/cm³	1.39	
<u>0</u>	Specific Gravity				ASTM D
) S	Water absorption after 24h immersion in water of 23°C (73°F)	ISO 62 (16)	%	0.07	ASTM D57
ane	Water absorption at saturation in water of 23 °C (73°F)	-	%	0.50	ASTM D57
Miscellaneous	Wear rate	ISO 7148-2 (18)	μm/km	3.00	QTM 5501
	Dynamic Coefficient of Friction (-)	ISO 7148-2 (18)	-	0.15-0.25	QTM 5500
	Limiting PV at 100 FPM				QTM 5500
	Limiting PV at 0.1 / 1 m/s cylindrical sleeve bearings	-	Mpa.m/s	0.15 / 0.09	
	Chemical Resistance	https://www.mcam.com/en/s	support/chemical	-resistance-information/	https://wwv
	1 2 40001 / 2 4145 414 2 4114 4154		AD/D II	and the second second	

ASTM*							
Test methods	Units	Indicative Values					
ASTM D3418	°F	491					
DMA	°F	-					
-	BTU in./(hr.ft².°F)	2					
ASTM E-831 (TMA)	μin./in./°F	33					
			_				
			//202				
ASTM D648	°F	240	18/10				
-	°F	210	sion:				
-	°F	-	/ revi				
-	-	НВ	ssue				
			e of it				
ASTM D638 (8)	PSI	12,400	- Dat				
ASTM D638 (8)	%	-	Oppyright©2021 The Mitsubishi Chemical Advanced Materials group of companies. All rights reserved Date of issue / revision: 18/10/202				
ASTM D638 (8)	%	20	rese				
ASTM D638 (8)	KSI	460	rights				
ASTM D732	PSI	8,000	₩.				
			anies				
ASTM D695 (11)	PSI	15,000	comp				
			jo dr				
			grou				
ASTM D256	ft.lb./in	0.50	terials				
ASTM D790 (13)	PSI	18,000	d Ma				
ASTM D790	KSI	490	ance				
ASTM D785	-	101	Ad/				
ASTM D2240	-	84	emic				
ASTM D149	Volts/mil	385	ž. S				
IEC 60093	Ohm.cm		signst				
ANSI/ESD STM 11.11	Ohm/sq.	10E12	e Mi				
ASTM D150	-	3.40	21 T				
ASTM D150	_	0.0200	ıt©20				
		White, Black	pyrig				
-	-	vvnite, Black	8				
AOTA DZOO		4.44					
ASTM D792	- 0/	1.41					
ASTM D570 (17)	%	0.07 0.9					
ASTM D570 (17)							
QTM 55010 (19)	In ^a .min/ft.lbs.hrx10 ⁻¹⁰	60.00 0.20					
QTM 55007 (20)	- ft.lbs/in².min						
QTM 55007 (21)	ILIDS/ITT.ITIIN	2,800					
hills of the control							
https://www.mcam.com/en/support/chemical-resistance-information/							

Note: 1 g/cm³ = 1,000 kg/m³ ; 1 MPa = 1 N/mm² ; 1 kV/mm = 1 MV/m

NYP: there is no yield point

This table, mainly to be used for comparison purposes, is a valuable help in the choice of a material. The data listed here fall within the normal range of
* product properties of dry material. However, they are not guaranteed and they should not be used to establish material specification limits nor used alone as
the basis of design. See the remaining notes on the next page.

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NOTES, SEE DATASHEET ON PAGE 1

- -1 The figures given for these properties are for the most part derived from raw material supplier data and other publications.
- -2 Values for this property are only given here for amorphous materials and for materials that do not show a melting temperature (PBI, PAI & PI). DMA settings, oscillation amplitude of 0.20 mm; a frequency of 1 Hz; heating rate of 2°C/min
- Temperature resistance over a period of min. 20,000 hours. After this period of time, there is a decrease in tensile strength measured at 23 °C (73°F)– of about 50 % as compared with the original value. The temperature value given here is thus based on the thermal-oxidative degradation which takes place and causes a reduction in properties. Note, however, that the maximum allowable service temperature depends in many cases essentially on the duration and the magnitude of the mechanical stresses to which the material is subjected.
- -4 Impact strength decreasing with decreasing temperature, the minimum allowable service temperature is practically mainly determined by the extent to which the material is subjected to impact. The value given here is based on unfavourable impact conditions and may consequently not be considered as being the absolute practical limit.
- -5 These estimated ratings, derived from raw material supplier data and other publications, are not intended to reflect hazards presented by the material under actual fire conditions. There is no 'UL File Number' available for these stock shapes.
- -6 Most of the figures given for the mechanical properties are average values of tests run on dry test specimens machined out of rods 40-50 mm (1.5 2") when available, else out of plate 10-20mm (0.4 0.8"). All tests are done at room temperature (23° / 73°F)
- -7 Test speed: either 5 mm/min or 50 mm/min [chosen acc. to ISO 10350-1 as a function of the ductile behaviour of the material (tough or brittle)] using type 1B tensile bars
- -8 Test speed: either 0.2"/min or 2"/min or [chosen as a function of the ductile behavior of the material (brittle or tough)] using Type 1 tensile bars
- -9 Test speed: 1 mm/min, using type 1B tensile bars
- -10 Test specimens: cylinders Ø 8 mm x 16 mm, test speed 1 mm/min
- -11 Test specimens; cylinders Ø 8 mm x 16 mm, test speed 1 mm/min
- -12 Test specimens: bars 4 mm (thickness) x 10 mm x 80 mm; test speed; 2 mm/min; span; 64 mm
- -13 Test specimens: bars 0.25" (thickness) x 0.5" x 5"; test speed: 0.11"/min; span: 4"
- -14 Measured on 10 mm, 0.4" thick test specimens.
- -15 Electrode configuration: Ø 25 / Ø 75 mm coaxial cylinders; in transformer oil according to IEC 60296; 1 mm thick test specimens.
- -16 Measured on discs Ø 50 mm x 3 mm
- -17 Measured on 1/8" thick x 2" diameter or square
- -18 Test procedure similar to Test Method A: "Pin-on-disk" as described in ISO7148-2, Load 3MPa, sliding velocity= 0,33 m/s, mating plate steel Ra= 0.7-0.9 μm, tested at 23°C, 50%RH.
- -19 Test using journal bearing system, 200 hrs, 118 ft/min, 42 PSI, steel shaft roughness 16±2 RMS micro inches with Hardness Brinell of 180-200
- -20 Test using Plastic Thrust Washer rotating against steel, 20 ft/min and 250 PSI, Stationary steel washer roughness 16±2 RMS micro inches with Rockwell C 20-24
- -21 Test using Plastic Thrust Washer rotating against steel, Step by step increase pressure, Test ends when plastic begins to deform or if temperature increases to 300°F.

This product data sheet and any data and specifications presented on our website shall provide promotional and general information about the Engineering Plastic Products (the "Products") manufactured and offered by Mitsubishi Chemical Advanced Materials and shall serve as a preliminary guide. All data and descriptions relating to the Products are of an indicative nature only. Neither this data sheet nor any data and specifications presented on our website shall create or be implied to create any legal or contractual obligation.

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